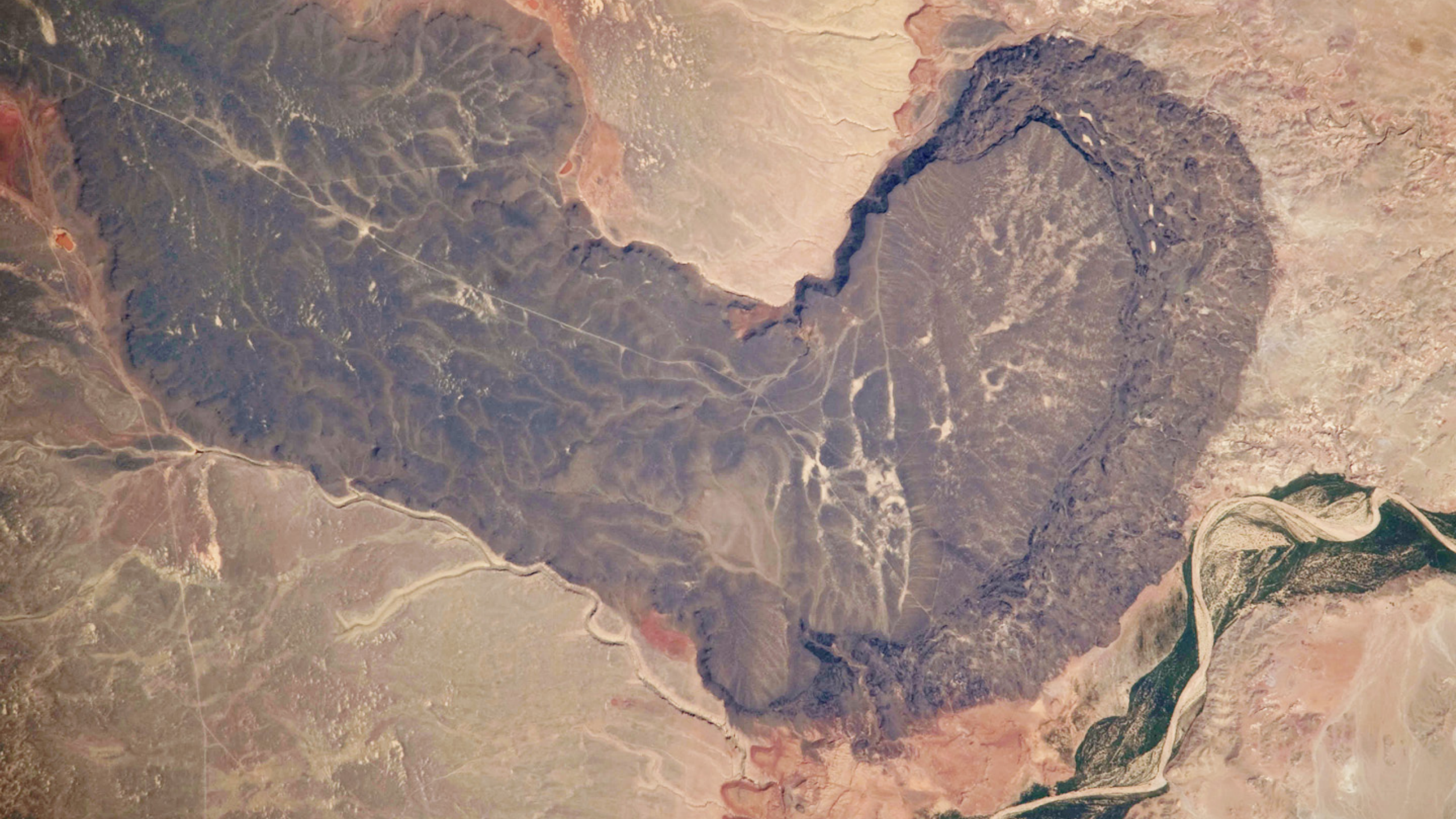


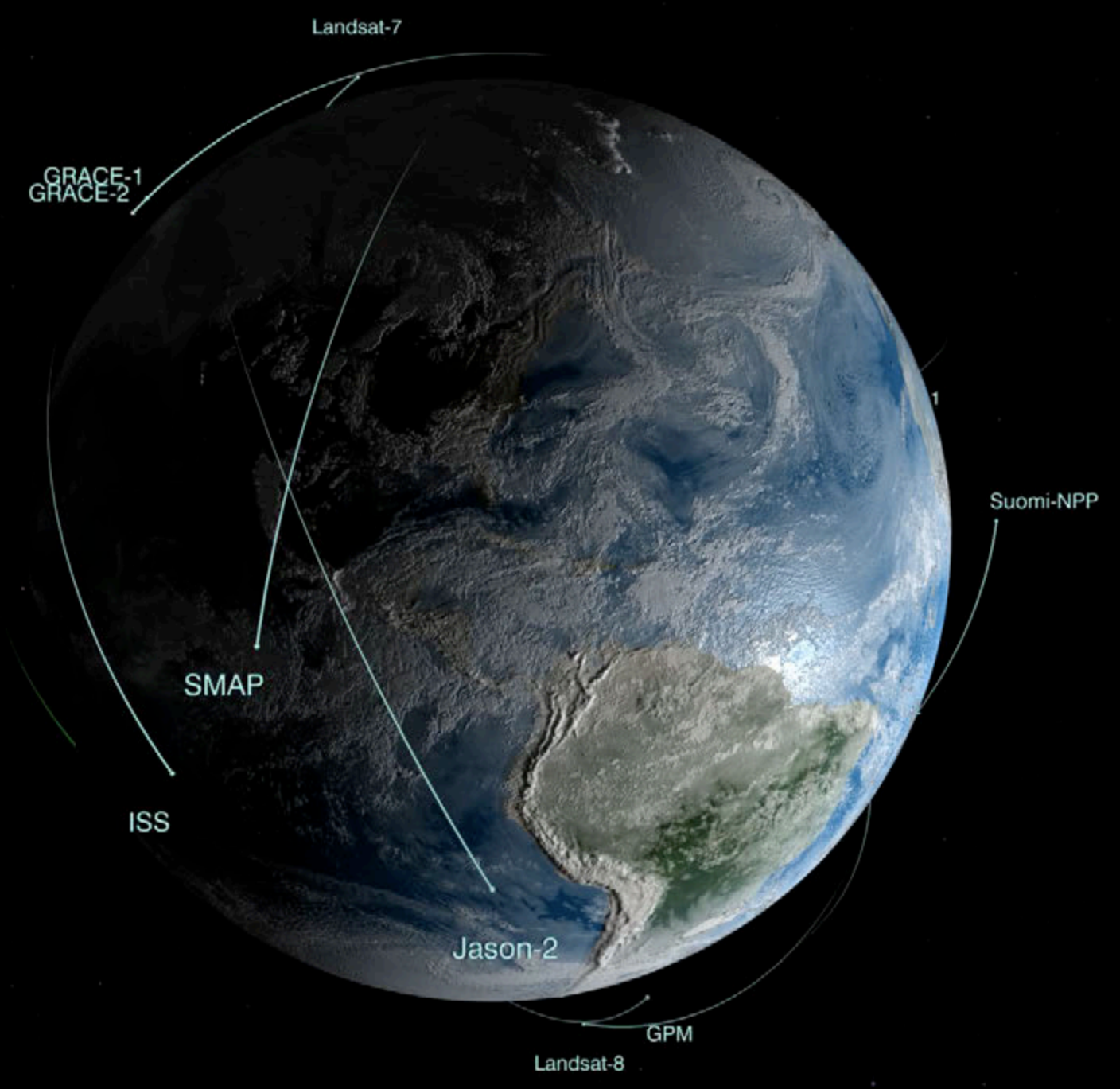


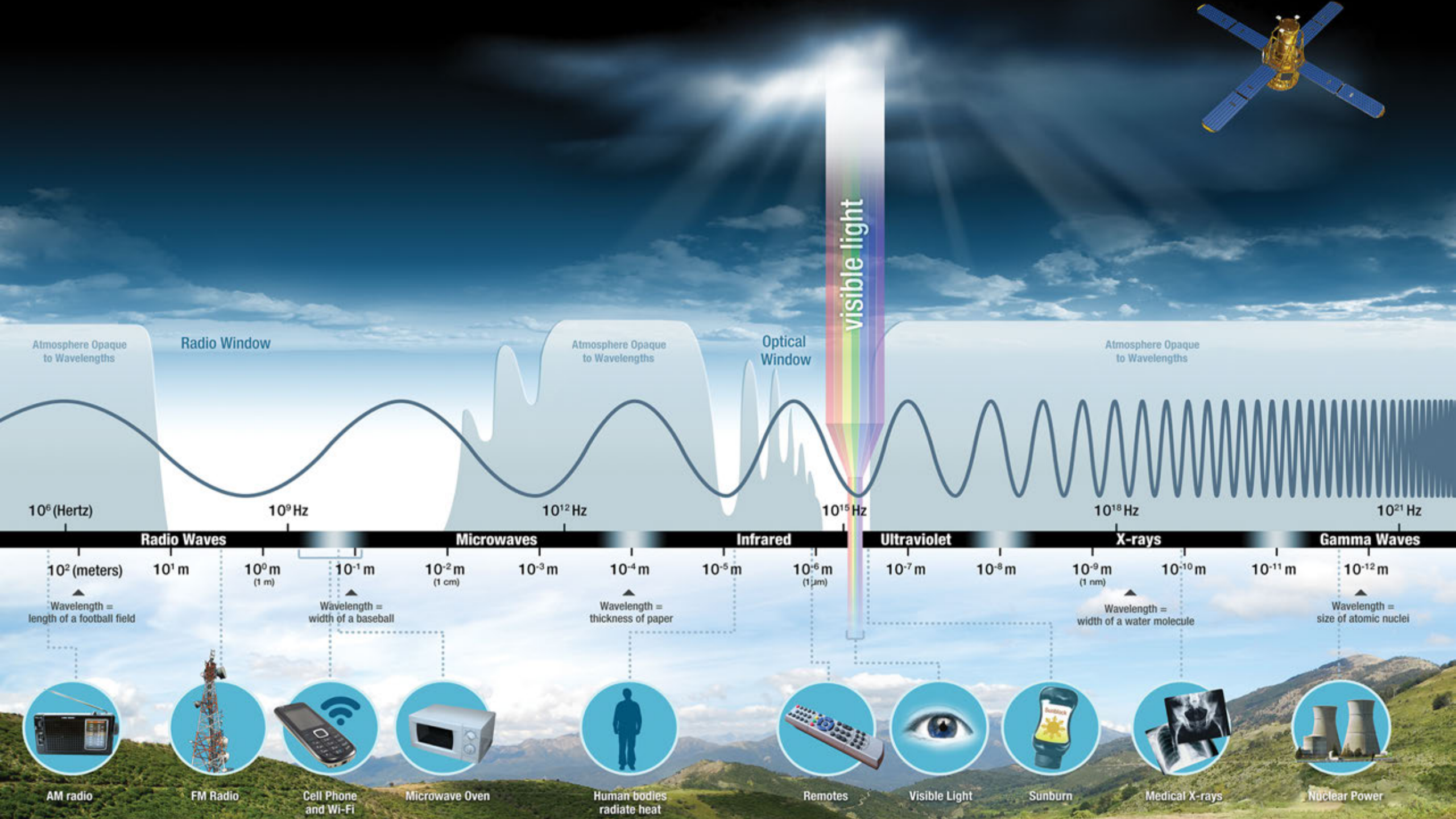
Collaborative Capacity Building and Sovereign Science with NASA and the Navajo Nation

**Amber McCullum, PhD (BAERI/NASA Ames Research Center
Nikki Tulley (University of Arizona)**

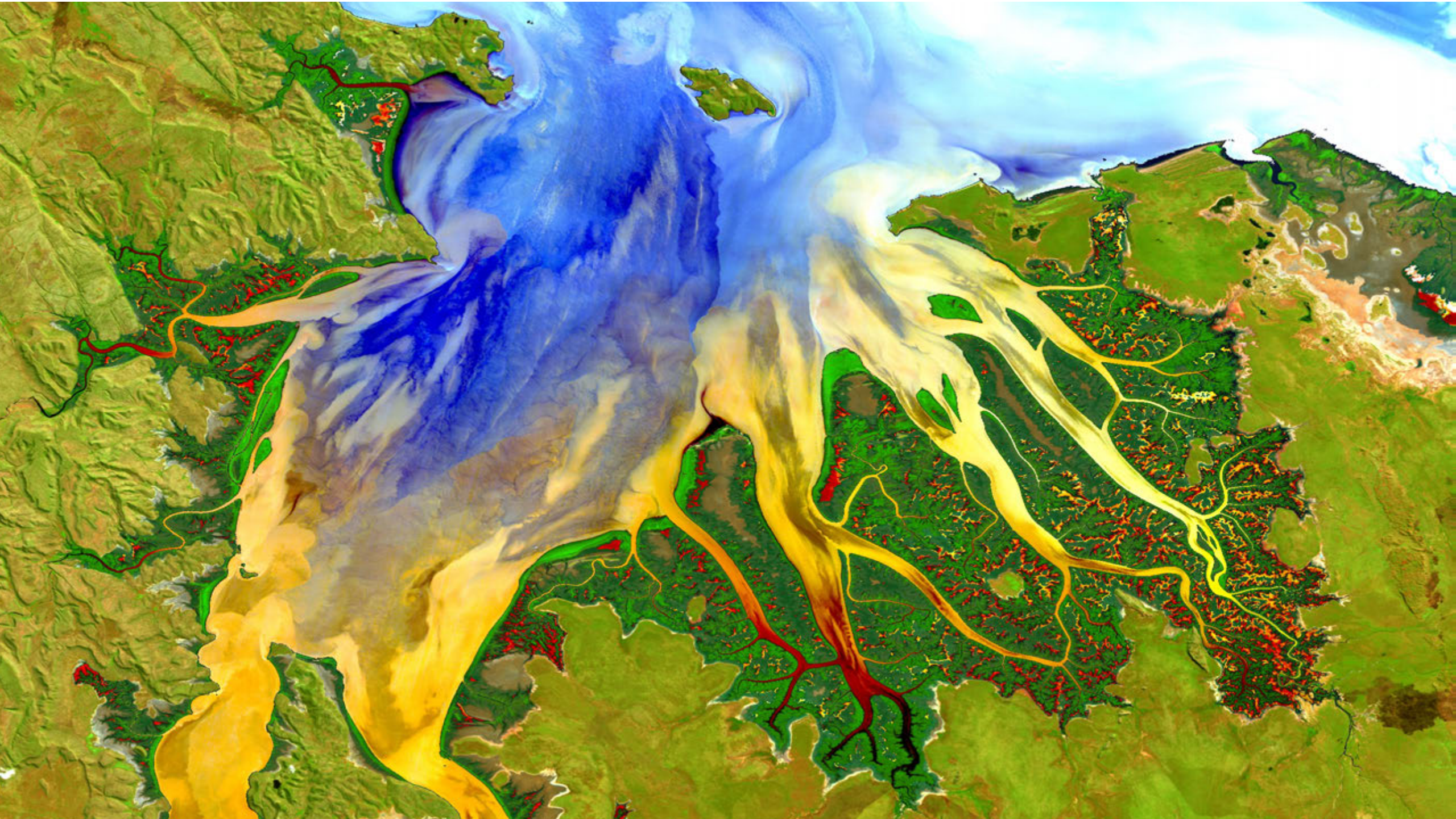
**January 20, 2021
Water Resources Research Center Brown Bag**

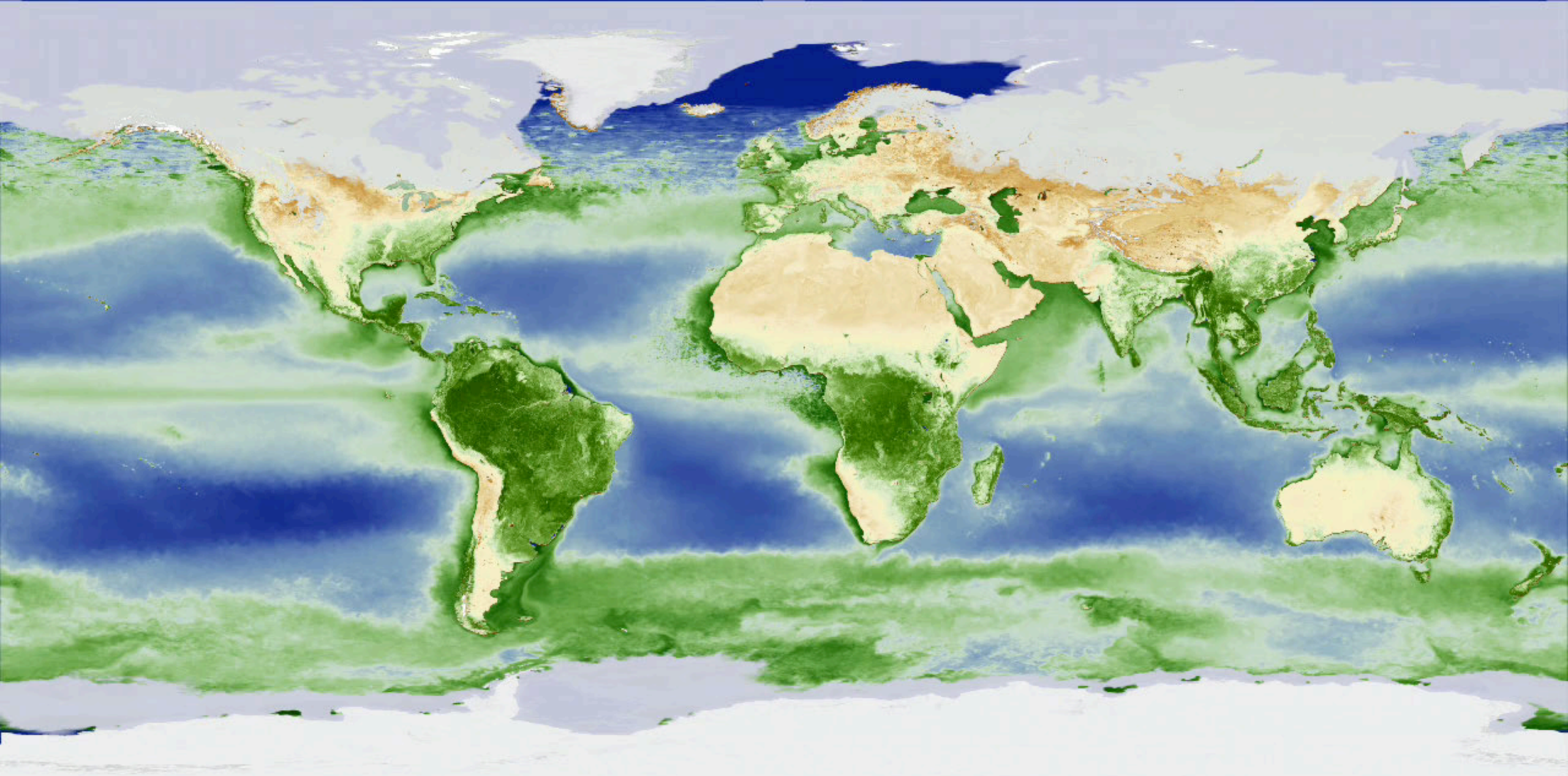












Land Vegetation (NDVI)

Ocean Chlorophyll Concentration (mg/m³)

Jan Dec

-0.1 0.9

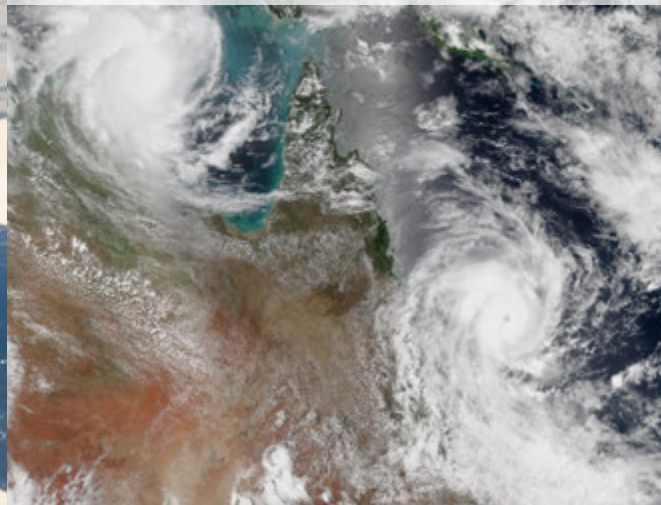
0.01 0.1 1 10 20

NASA's Applied Sciences Program

Ecological
Forecasting



Disasters



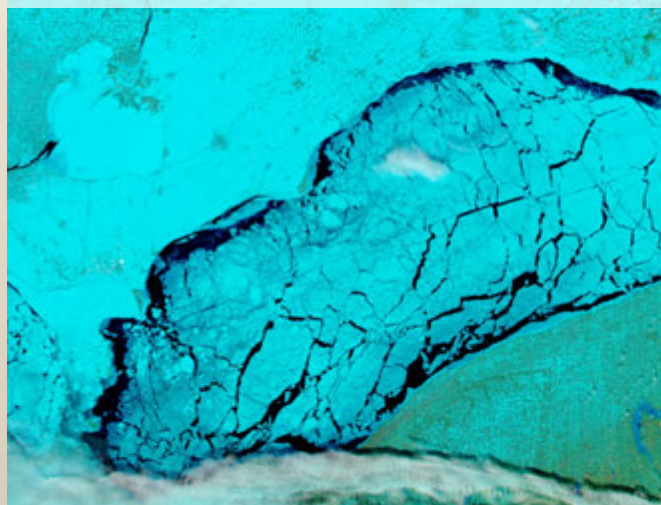
Wildland Fires



Health and Air
Quality



Water Resources



Capacity Building





Mapping Application for Penguin Populations and Projected Dynamics

<http://www.penguinmap.com/>





Snapshot Wisconsin



Looks like ▾

Pattern

Color

Horns

Tail

Build

Bear

Deer

Raccoon

Bobcat

Fox

Snowshoe Hare

Bird

Porcupine

Squirrel

Coyote

Rabbit

Wolf

How many ▾

Behavior ▾



Nothing here



Human



<http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/research/projects/snapshot/>



You should sign in!



Deer

Lightly built, whitetail deer are grayish brown to reddish brown in color. The underside of the tail is white. Adult males have antlers which curve forward and fork off a main branch. Young are reddish brown in color with white spots.

Often confused with Elk

Young

1 2 3 4 5 6+

Adult antlerless

1 2 3 4 5 6+

Adult antlered

1 2 3 4 5 6+

Adult head not visible

1 2 3 4 5 6+

Behavior

Vigilant Moving Foraging Resting Interacting Camera stare

Cancel Identify

No animals present

NASA's Capacity Building Program



SERVIR



ARSET



DEVELOP



**Indigenous
Peoples
Initiative**

Capacity Building: SERVIR



A joint NASA-USAID network, SERVIR works in partnership with leading regional organizations world-wide to help developing countries use information provided by Earth observing satellites and geospatial technologies for managing climate risks and land use.

<https://www.servirglobal.net/>

Connecting Space to Village



Capacity Building: ARSET



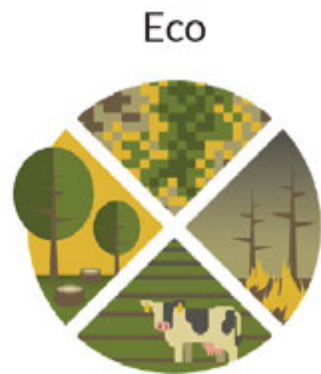
- Promotes efforts to discover and demonstrate innovative and practical applications of Earth Observations

- 4 application areas:

- Air Quality
- Disasters
- Eco
- Water Resources

- Seeks to increase the use of Earth science in decision-making through training for:

- policy makers
- environmental managers
- other professionals in the public and private sector



Helping Professionals Solve Problems Including...



<https://arset.gsfc.nasa.gov/>

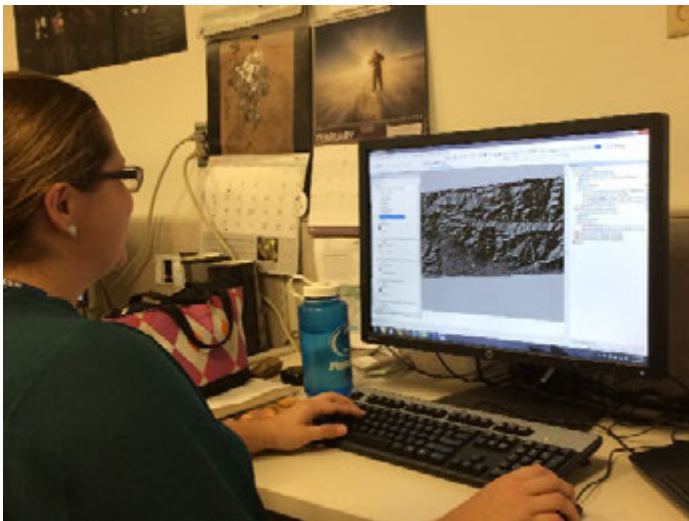
Capacity Building: DEVELOP



DEVELOP: addresses environmental and public policy issues by conducting interdisciplinary feasibility projects that apply the lens of NASA Earth observations to community concerns around the globe.

<https://develop.larc.nasa.gov/>

Individuals + Earth Observations + Institutions



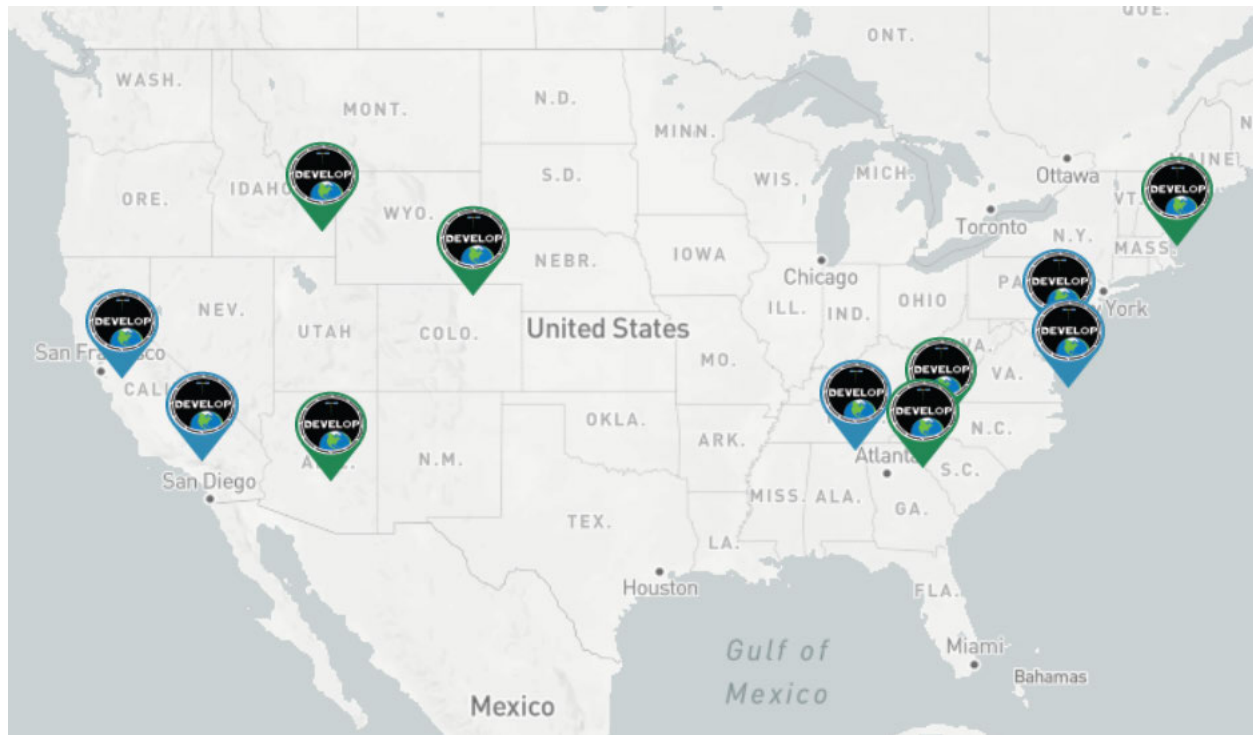
Apply for DEVELOP



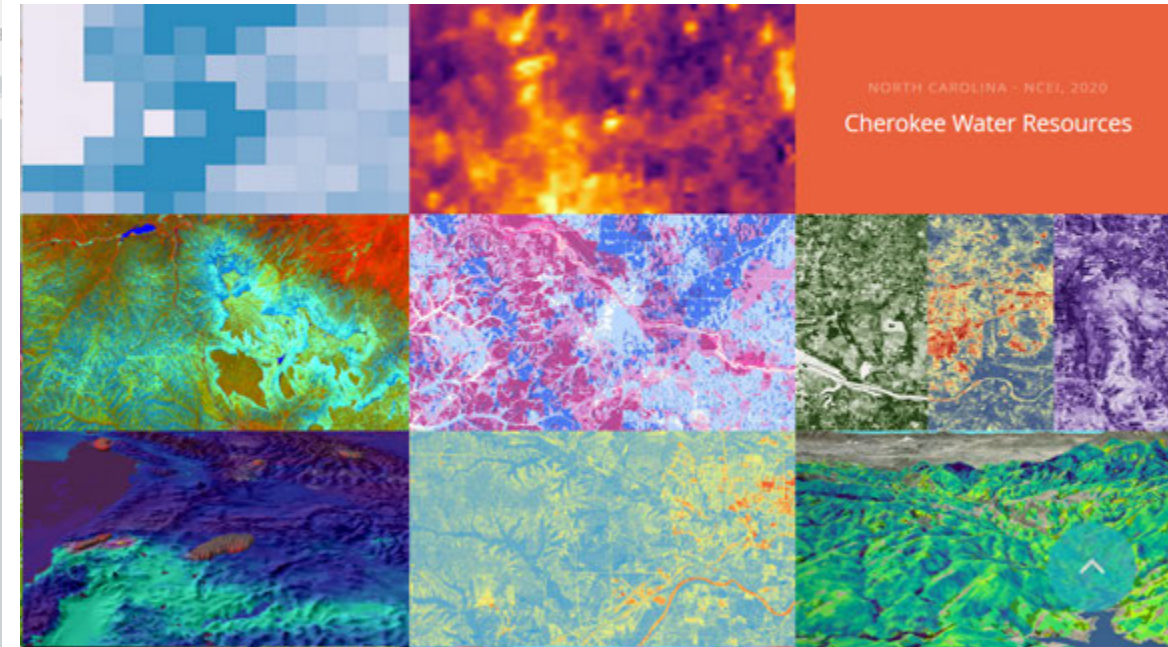
Summer 2021 Application Window: Jan 18 – Feb 26th, 2021

<https://develop.larc.nasa.gov/apply.php>

DEVELOP Locations



Projects: Water Resources, Health and Air Quality, Disasters, Land Mgmt, and more!



Capacity Building: IPI



Indigenous Peoples Initiative: In-person remote sensing training, place-based approaches, community engagement, all focused around Indigenous Knowledge systems



COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Engaging with Indigenous Communities through tribally-focused conferences and meetings with regional governmental agencies, Climate Science Centers, and universities.



PLACE- BASED APPROACHES

Integrating traditional ecological knowledge towards natural resource/natural element management and conservation.



INDIGENOUS KNOWLEDGE SYSTEMS



Partnering with tribes, government agencies, and affiliated groups to develop technical remote sensing workshops and trainings applied to specific regions and/or thematic areas.

TECHNICAL WORKSHOPS

IPI: Community Engagement



IPI: Group on Earth Observations (GEO) Indigenous Alliance

First Indigenous-led session at the GEO Ministerial Summit
Canberra, Australia, November 2019



Some of our Speakers:



GEO Indigenous Summit
Online, December 2019

<https://www.earthobservations.org/indigenoussummit2020.php>

IPI: Remote Sensing Trainings



We co-develop place-based, in-person training workshops focused on content relevant to Indigenous lands and territories





AN INTRODUCTION TO REMOTE SENSING FOR TRIBAL LANDS

<https://uttc.edu/introduction-to-remote-sensing-for-tribal-lands/>

🌀 Wk 1: INTRO TO REMOTE SENSING & NASA DATA

Download Week 1 materials [here](#)

Tuesday, October 6th

Session 1 recording

- Introduction to the Navajo Nation
- Lecture: Introduction to remote sensing
- Exercise 1: Investigating color in a satellite image

Complete assignment for exercise 1 [here](#) (required for CEUs)

🌀 Wk 2: LAND COVER CLASSIFICATION

Download Week 2 materials [here](#)

Tuesday, October 13th

Session 3 recording

- Introduction to the Sault Ste Marie Band of Chippewa Indians
- Lecture: Land cover classification
- Exercise 4: Unsupervised classification

Complete assignment for exercise 4 [here](#)

Thursday, October 8th

Session 2 recording

- Exercise 2: Accessing and downloading data
- Lecture: Vegetation indices
- Exercise 3: Vegetation indices

Complete assignment for exercise 2 and 3 [here](#) (require CEUs)

Thursday, October 15th

Session 4 recording

- Exercise 5: Supervised classification
- Lecture: Accuracy assessment
- Exercise 6: Accuracy assessment

Complete assignment for exercise 5 [here](#)

Complete assignment for exercise 6 [here](#)

🌀 Wk 3: CHANGE DETECTION & TIME SERIES

Download Week 3 materials [here](#)

Tuesday, October 20th

Session 5 recording

- Introduction to the Rosebud Sioux Tribe
- Lecture: Overview of change detection
- Exercise 7: Change detection

Complete assignment for exercise 7 [here](#)

🌀 Wk 4: REMOTE SENSING WEBTOOLS

Download Week 4 materials [here](#)

Tuesday, October 27th

Session 7 recording

- Introduction to the Samish Indian Nation and the Tulalip Tribes
- Lecture: Webtools for remote sensing
- Exercise 9: Climate Engine and the Drought Severity Evaluation Tool (DSET)
- Exercise 10: FIRMS Active Fire Mapper and Worldview

Thursday, October 22nd

Session 6 recording

- Lecture: Time series analysis
- Exercise 8: Time series analysis

Complete assignment for exercise 8 [here](#)

Thursday, October 29th

Session 8 recording

- Exercise 11: Global Forest Watch
- Course Summary and Feedback

Complete assignment for exercise 11 [here](#)

Navajo Nation Drought Severity Evaluation Tool

Introductory Video



A NASA Western Water Applications Office (WWAC) funded project.

This screenshot displays a web-based interface for the Rosebud Sioux Tribe Ojinkinta Wanji ("One Rosebud") Project. The interface includes a video feed of a man on the left, a central text area with project details, and several maps on the right. The text area contains sections for "PROJECT PROFILE" and "PROJECT DESCRIPTION". The maps show various data layers, including a "South Dakota - Great River Basin Map" and a "Drought Severity" map. A video feed of an older man is visible on the right side of the interface.

For Lakota, Traditional Astronomy is Key to Their Culture's Past and Future



LANDCOVER DATA APPLICATIONS IN TRIBAL WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT

Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians – Wildlife Program



GIS continued

CAPACITY BUILDING AS EMPOWERMENT

INDIGENOUS MAPPING WORKSHOP

The Firelight Group and its partners are proud to present the largest international geospatial conference for Indigenous Nations and organizations on Indigenous-led geospatial research

OUR STORY

WORKSHOPS

<https://www.indigenousmaps.com/>



Future Engagement Opportunities

Inter-American Academy of Geosciences & Applications

<https://academy.amerigeoss.org/>

- Engaging with Indigenous Peoples Training (Feb 2021)
- Geospatial Technology for Indigenous People (Spring/Summer 2021)



Engaging with Indigenous Peoples

In 2007, the UN General Assembly adopted the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, recognizing their rights and the practice of Free, Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC) as a pre-requisite for any activity that affects their ancestral lands, territories and natural

 Register





Climate Engine



Drought Severity Evaluation Tool

A collaboration of Sovereignty and Science for the Navajo Nation

Project Team:

Amber McCullum (BAERI/NASA Ames Research Center)

Carlee McClellan (NN DWR)

Justin Huntington (DRI)

Britta Daudert (DRI)

Nikki Tulley (University of Arizona)

DSET Website Link

<https://app.climateengine.org/dset>



Climate Engine



Drought Severity Evaluation Tool

A collaboration of Sovereignty and Science for the Navajo Nation

Project Team:

Amber McCullum (BAERI/NASA Ames Research Center)

Carlee McClellan (NN DWR)

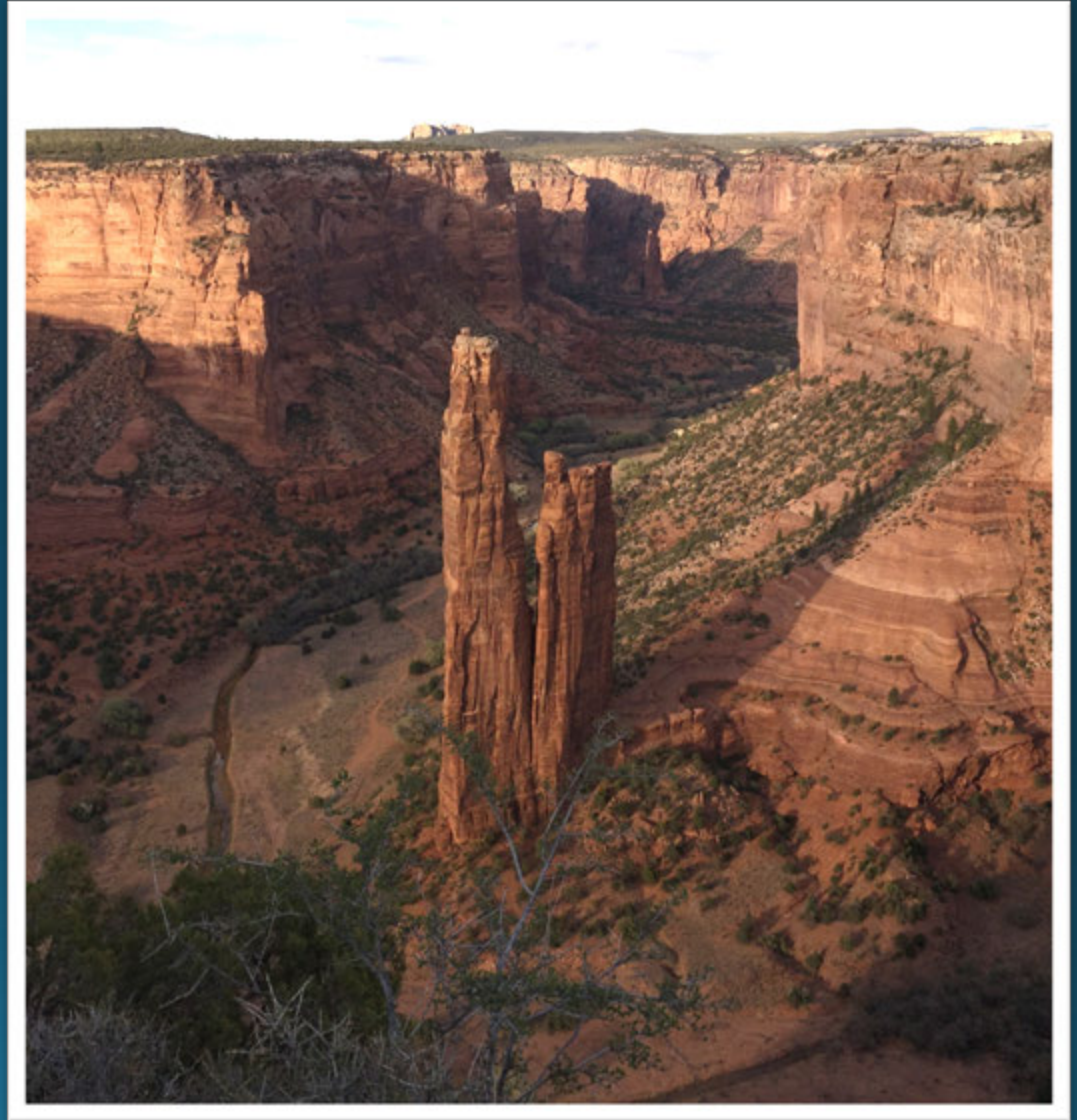
Justin Huntington (DRI)

Britta Daudert (DRI)

Nikki Tulley (University of Arizona)

DSET Website Link

<https://app.climateengine.org/dset>

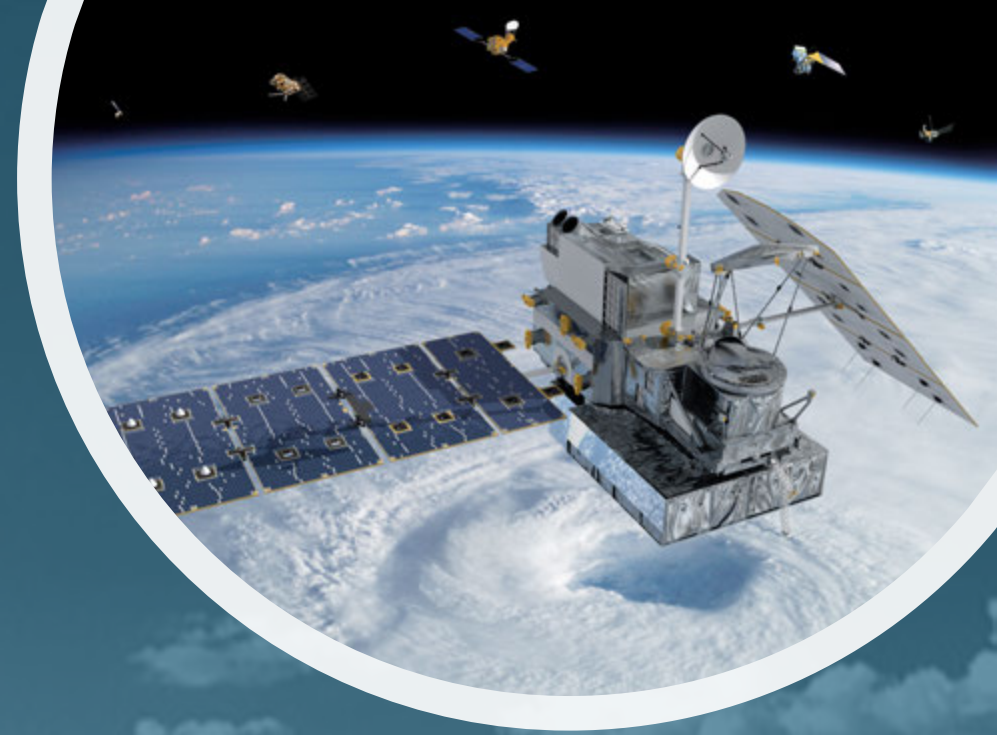


The background of the slide is an aerial photograph of a severely dry and cracked landscape, likely a salt flat or a desert. The ground is a mix of light and dark brown, with numerous deep, irregular cracks forming a complex network across the terrain. The entire image is overlaid with a semi-transparent blue filter, which makes the colors appear muted and gives the overall scene a somber, desaturated look. The text is centered in the upper half of the image.

**Improve NNDWR drought reporting through
Earth Observations and *in-situ* data within a
user-friendly web application**

Space connection to Navajoland

- Culture context of Indigenous relationship to land
- Preexisting knowledge system
- Communication mechanisms



Navajo Nation Drought Severity Evaluation Tool

Introductory Video



A NASA Western Water Applications Office (WWAO) funded project.

A view of the Navajo Nation



3 States

5
Agencies

110
Chapters

Population
~200,000



On-Demand Cloud Computing and Visualization of Climate and Remote Sensing Data

Analyze and interact with climate and earth observations for decision support related to drought, water use, agricultural, wildfire, and ecology

LAUNCH THE WEB APPLICATION

Drought Monitoring



Agriculture & Ecosystems



Wildfire



DSET Overview

- NASA Western Water Applications Office (WWAO)
- Co-developed with the Navajo Nation Division of Water Resources (N.N. DWR), and the Desert Research Institute (DRI)



Free Web Application



User Friendly



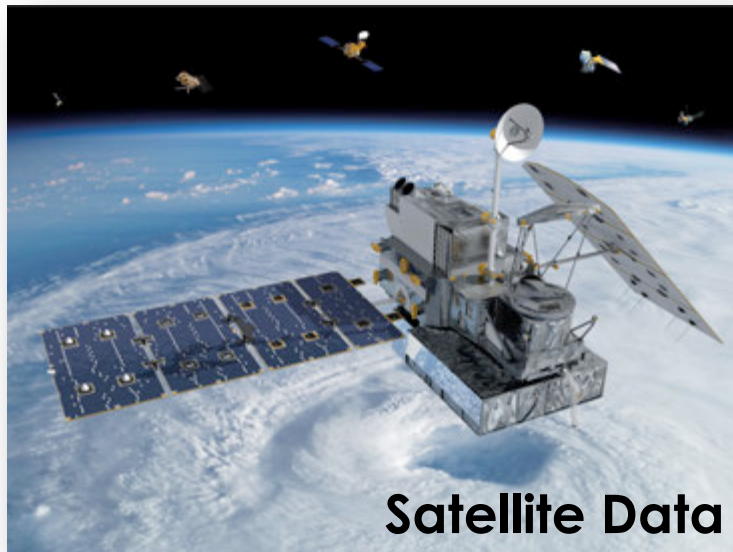
Time & Storage Saver



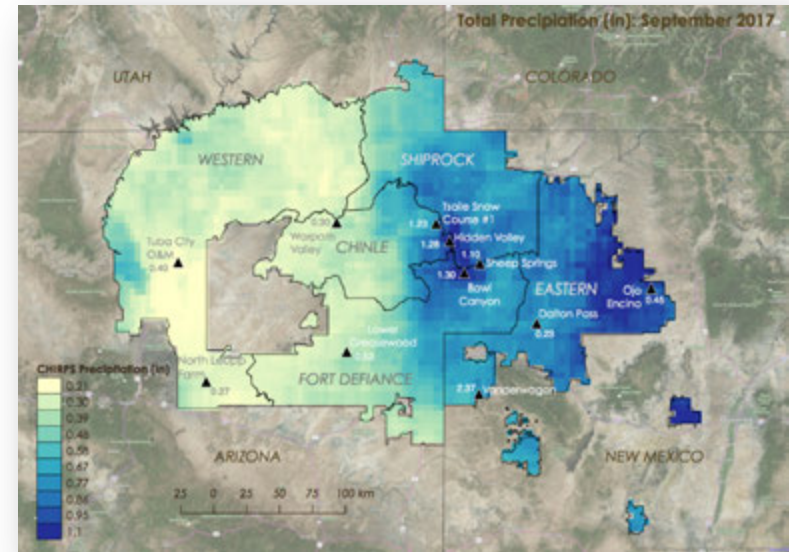
Analyzing & Visualizing
Data made easier



**Navajo
Rain
Gauge
Data**



Satellite Data



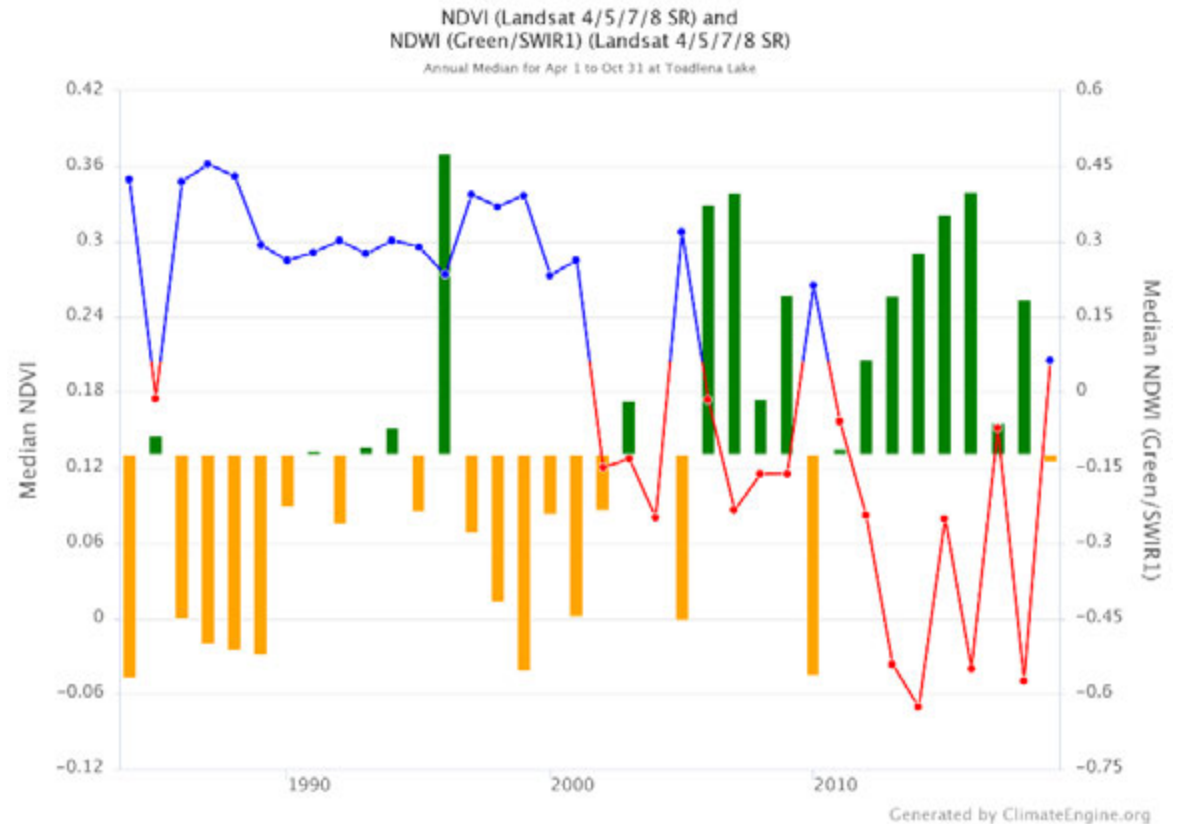
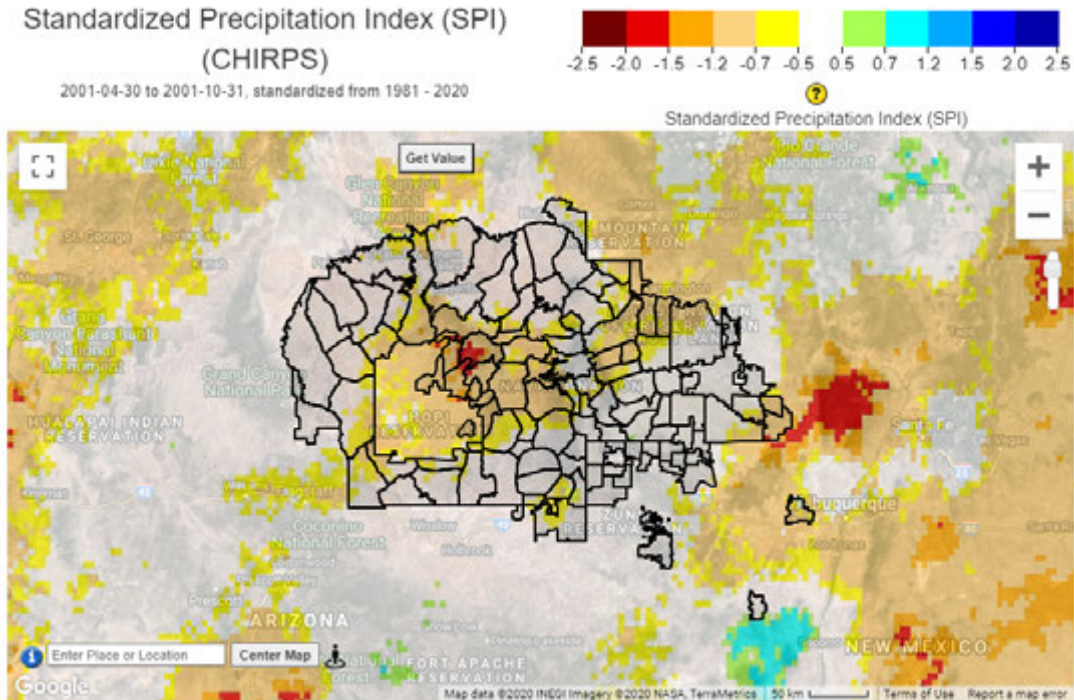
**Modeled
Data and
Drought
Indices**

A screenshot of the "Climate Engine Drought Severity Evaluation Tool" web interface. The interface includes a sidebar with configuration options for visualization, variable selection, processing, and time period. The main area displays a map of the Navajo Nation with county boundaries overlaid. The tool title "Climate Engine Drought Severity Evaluation Tool" is visible at the top right of the map area.

Drought Severity Evaluation Tool

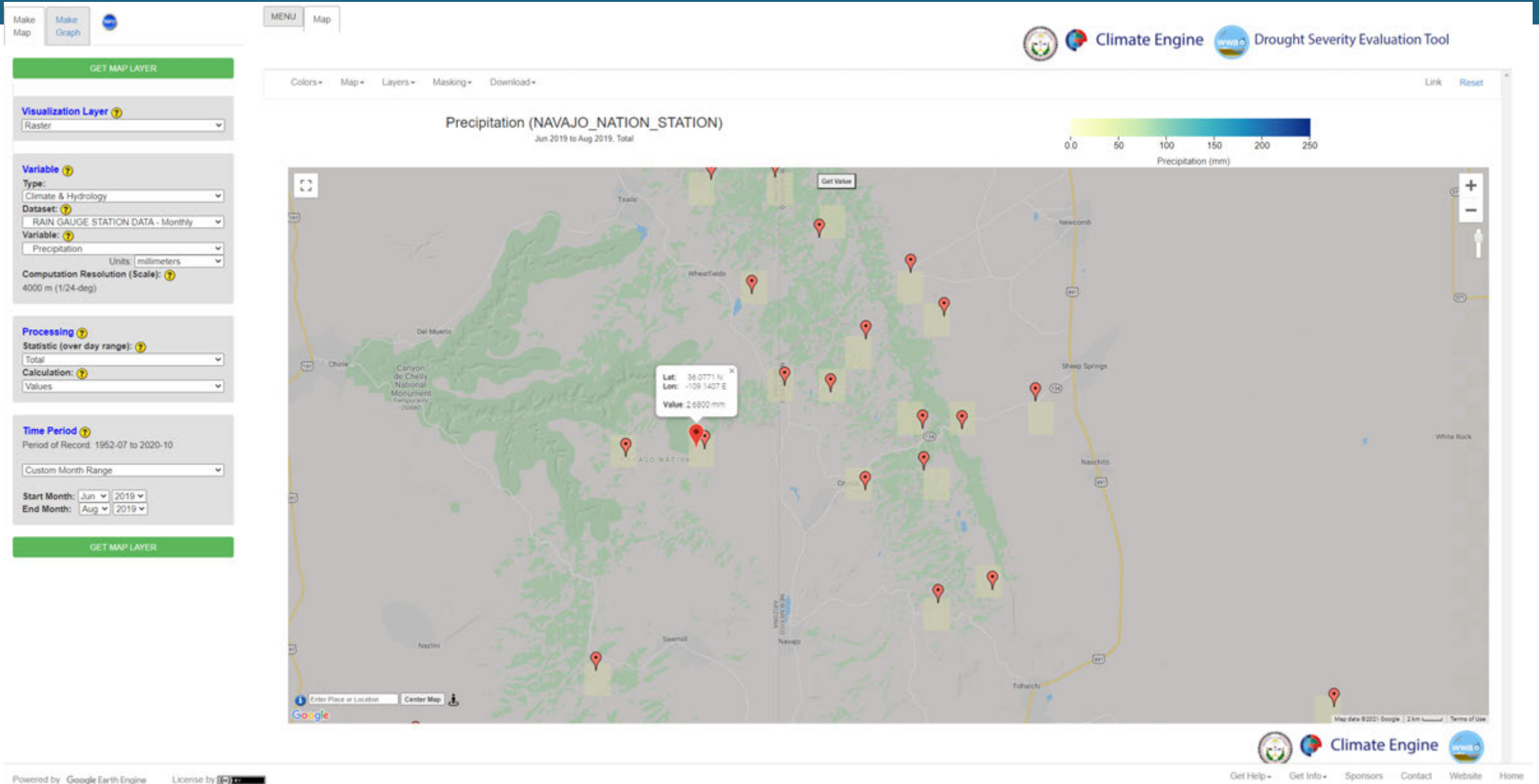
DSET Capabilities

Easy to use interface

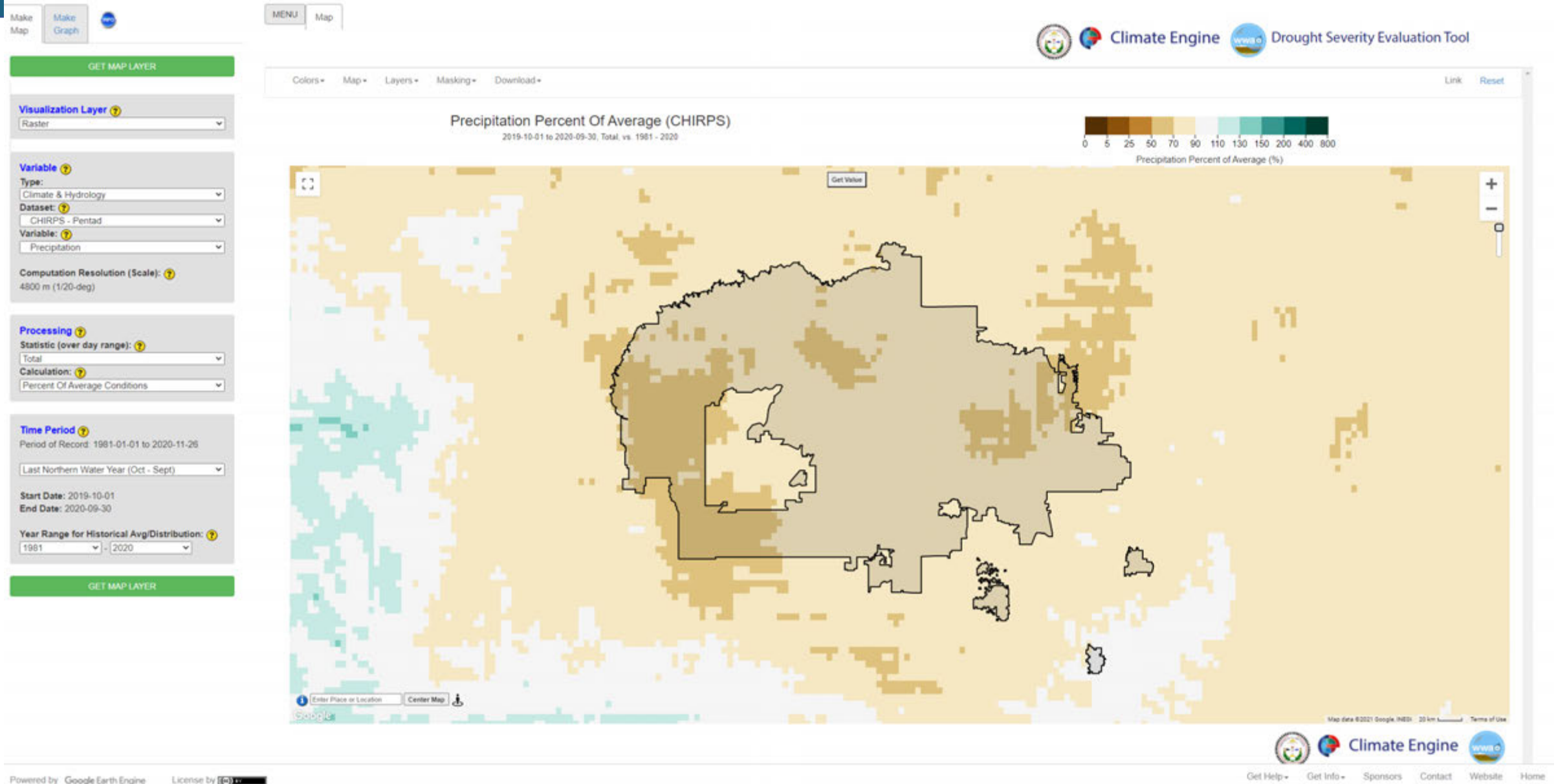


On-the-fly maps and times series

What were the rain gauge totals from the 2019 summer monsoon?



What was the precipitation percent of average last Northern Water Year?



DSET Drought Examples

The screenshot displays the Drought Severity Evaluation Tool (DSET) interface. The browser address bar shows the URL `app.climateengine.org/dset`. The interface includes a navigation menu with "MENU" and "Map" options, and a header with the "Climate Engine" logo and the tool's name, "Drought Severity Evaluation Tool".

On the left side, there are several configuration panels:

- GET MAP LAYER** (green button)
- Visualization Layer**: Set to "Raster".
- Variable**:
 - Type: Climate-Hydrology
 - Dataset: CHIRPS - Pentad
 - Variable: Precipitation
 - Units: millimeters
 - Computation Resolution (Scale): 4800 m (1/20-deg)
- Processing**:
 - Statistic (over day range): Total
 - Calculation: Values
- Time Period**:
 - Period of Record: 1981-01-01 to 2020-07-26
 - Season: Last 60 Days of Data
 - Start Date: 2020-06-20
 - End Date: 2020-07-26
- GET MAP LAYER** (green button)

The main map area shows a satellite-style view of the southwestern United States, with a semi-transparent overlay of drought severity data. The overlay uses a color scale from light yellow (low severity) to dark brown (high severity). Major cities like Albuquerque and Phoenix are visible. The map includes standard navigation controls like zoom in (+) and zoom out (-) buttons.

At the bottom of the interface, there is a footer with the text "Powered by Google Earth Engine License by [CC BY-NC-SA]" and a navigation bar with links for "Get Help", "Get Info", "Sponsors", "Contact", "Website", and "Home".

NEWS

NAVAJO TIMES
E-EDITION



GET IT ALL
ONLINE!

[Click here for details](#)

≡ MORE NEWS

Paying tribute: Honor
Riders help code talker
repair roof

Language education
among hopes for \$554M

50 Years Ago: Major

Asáásyii Lake Fire grows to about 1,000 acres

By Alastair Lee Bitsoi and Terry Bowman
Navajo Times

NASCHITTI, N.M., June 16, 2014

Text size: [A](#) [A](#) [A](#)

 Like 0

 Tweet

 Share

32

After three days of charring approximately 1,000 acres, the Assayii Lake Fire has reached the summit of the Chuska Mountains and the inferno is moving in a northeastern direction toward the communities of Naschitti and Sheep Springs, N.M.

The fire will be categorized as a Type II National and State Level Fire, according to the Southwest Area Incident Management Team.

"I got scared," said Eleanor Largo, who had to evacuate







Colors- Map- Layers- Masking- Download-


Link Reset

GET MAP LAYER

Visualization Layer 
Raster

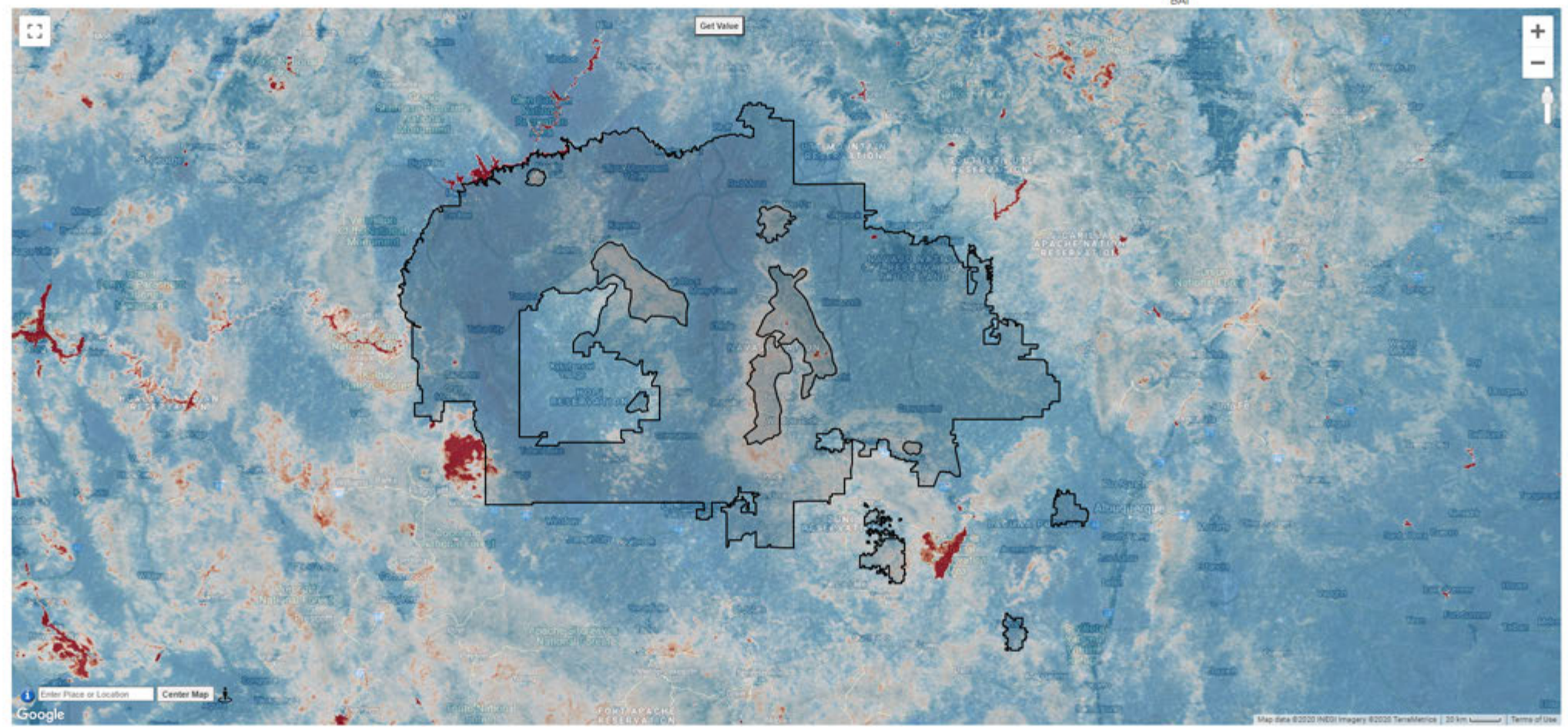
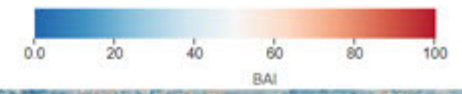
Variable 
Type: Remote Sensing
Dataset: MODIS Terra Daily
Variable: BAI (Burned Area Index)
Computation Resolution (Scale): 
500 m

Processing 
Statistic (over day range): 
Mean
Calculation: 
Values

Time Period 
Period of Record: 2000-02-24 to 2020-08-20
Season: Custom Date Range
Start Date: 2014-05-10
End Date: 2014-08-10



GET MAP LAYER

BAI (MODIS Terra Daily)
2014-05-10 to 2014-08-10, Mean








GET TIME SERIES

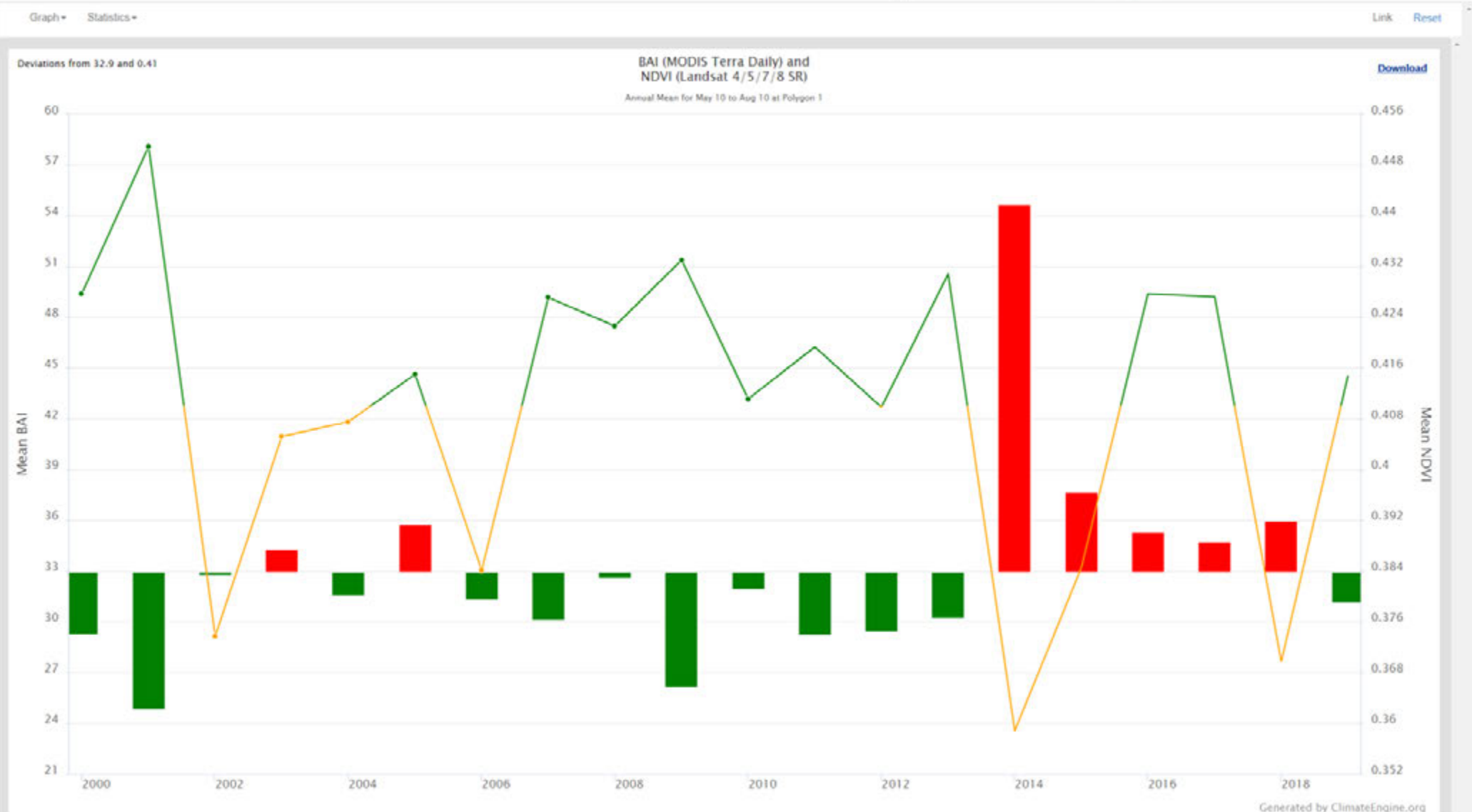
Time Series Calculation: 
 Summary Time Series
 Two Variable Analysis

Region: 
 Polygon 

Variable 1 Variable 2

Variable 2 
 Type: Remote Sensing
 Dataset:  Landsat 4/5/7/8 Surface Reflectance
 Variable:  NDVI (Vegetation Index)
 Computation Resolution: (Scale)  1000 m
 Year Statistic: Mean
 Time Period 
 Period of Record: 1984-01-01 to 2020-08-03
 Season: Custom Day Range
 Start Day: May 10
 End Day: Aug 10
 Year Range: 2000 to 2019

GET TIME SERIES



Partner-driven tools start with relationships



- Dec 2019: 1-Day hands-on training in Window Rock, AZ
- Focus on Department of Agriculture new personnel

- April 2019: 2-Day hands-on training in Flagstaff, AZ
- Multiple Navajo Nation Natural Resources Departments
- Feedback/Discussion session



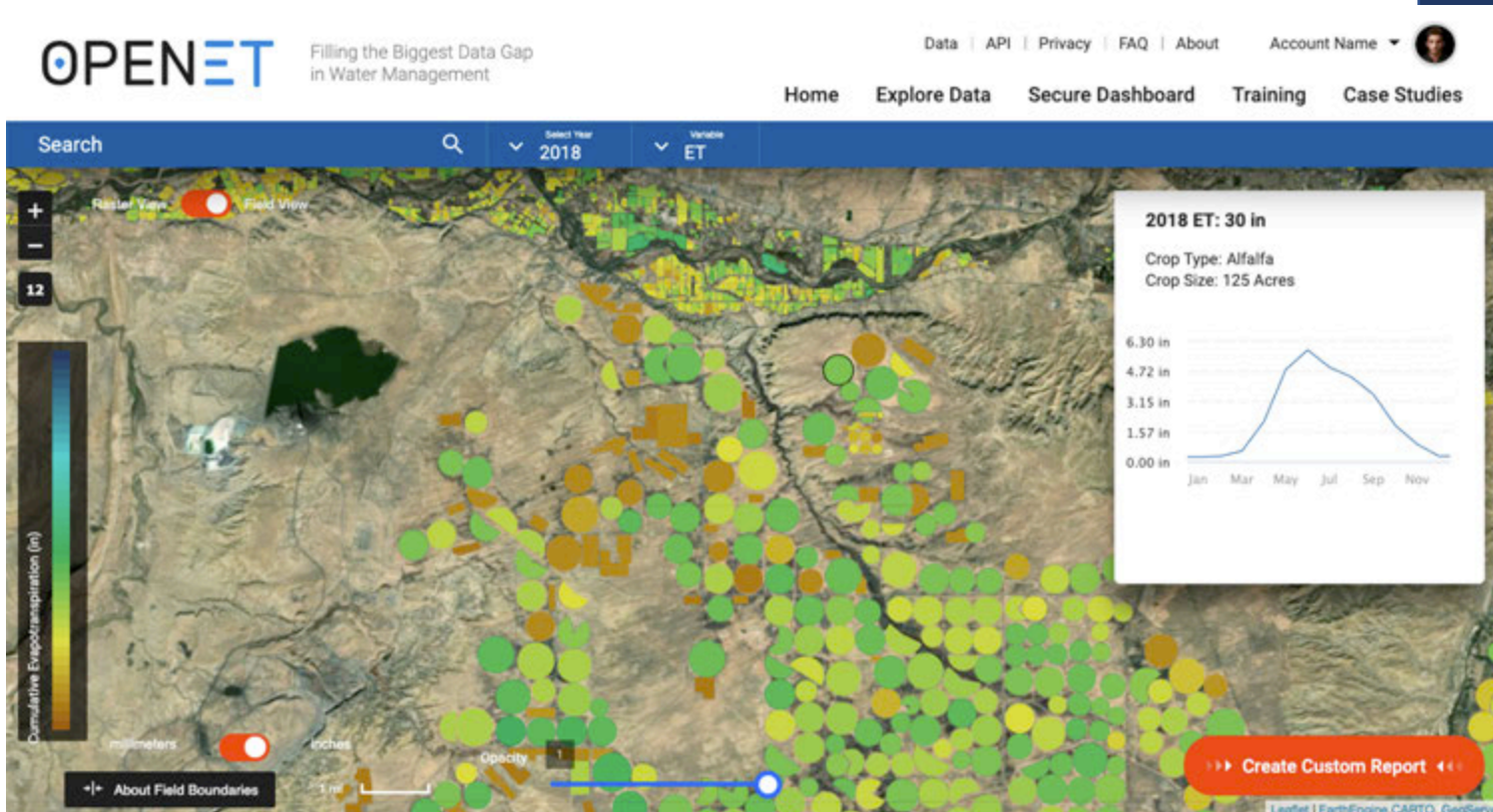
Future Partnerships and Projects

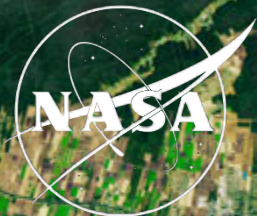
OpenET Project Now Underway

Continued Work

- DSET training
- OpenET case-study
- Partnerships with Dept. of Agriculture and/or NAPI
- Use of OpenET for consumptive water use estimates
- Student internships

Continue to strengthen relationships.





Thank You!

Amber McCullum, PhD

Amberjean.Mccullum@nasa.gov

Nikki Tulley, MWR

nikkitulley@email.arizona.edu



NASA Western Water Applications Office

Helping solve water issues close to home

Welcome to NASA's Western Water Applications Office.

Our mission is to improve how water is managed in the arid western U.S. by getting NASA science, data and technology into the hands of water managers and decision makers.

WWAO partners with water managers, identifies pressing water issues and delivers solutions to those issues based on NASA